

SENATE BILL No. 383

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 23-1.

Synopsis: Shareholder consent and entity conversion. Permits controlling shareholders to authorize a corporate action by their written consent without prior notice or meeting if subsequent notice is provided to nonconsenting and nonvoting shareholders. Allows for the use of electronic as well as written consents. Permits the conversion of a domestic other entity, such as a limited partnership or limited liability company, to a different domestic other entity. Permits the conversion of a foreign other entity to a different foreign other entity.

Effective: July 1, 2003.

Clark

January 16, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Criminal, Civil and Public Policy.

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First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 383

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning business and other associations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- 1 SECTION 1. IC 23-1-29-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) **Unless otherwise**
3 **provided in the articles of incorporation, any** action required or
4 permitted by this article to be taken at a shareholders' meeting may be
5 taken without a meeting ~~if the action is taken by all the shareholders~~
6 ~~entitled to vote on the action. The action must be evidenced by one (1)~~
7 ~~or more written consents describing the action taken, signed by all the~~
8 ~~shareholders entitled to vote on the action, and and without a vote if~~
9 ~~a consent or consents in writing setting forth the action taken are:~~
10 (1) **signed by shareholders having at least the minimum**
11 **number of votes necessary to authorize the action at a meeting**
12 **at which all shares entitled to vote were present and voted;**
13 **and**
14 (2) **delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the minutes or**
15 **filing with the corporate records.**
16 (b) **Unless the articles of incorporation provide that no prior**
17 **notice is required, written notice of the proposed action containing**



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the information required by section 5 of this chapter must be given to the shareholders at least ten (10) days before the action is taken.

(c) If not otherwise determined under section 7 of this chapter, the record date for determining shareholders entitled to take action without a meeting is the date the first shareholder signs the consent under subsection (a).

(e) Action taken under this section is effective when the last shareholder signs the consent.

(d) Every written consent must bear the date of signature of each shareholder who signs the consent.

(e) A written consent is effective when, within sixty (60) days of the earliest dated consent delivered to the corporation, written consents signed by a sufficient number of shareholders to take action are delivered to the corporation, unless the consent specifies a different prior or subsequent effective date.

(d) A consent signed under this section has the effect of a meeting vote and may be described as such in any document.

(e) If this article requires that notice of proposed action be given to nonvoting shareholders, and the action is to be taken by unanimous consent of the voting shareholders, the corporation must give its nonvoting shareholders written notice of the proposed action at least ten (10) days before the action is taken. The notice must contain or be accompanied by the same material that, under this article, would have been required to be sent to nonvoting shareholders in a notice of meeting at which the proposed action would have been submitted to the shareholders for action.

(f) For purposes of this subsection, "electronic consent" means a telegram, cablegram, or other form of electronic transmission. The following apply to an electronic consent:

(1) An electronic consent to an action to be taken may be transmitted by a:

(A) shareholder; or

(B) person or persons authorized to act for a shareholder.

(2) The date that an electronic consent is transmitted is considered to be the date on which the consent is written, signed, and dated for purposes of this section, if the electronic consent is delivered with information from which the corporation can determine:

(A) that the electronic consent was transmitted by a shareholder or by a person or persons authorized to act for a shareholder; and

(B) the date on which a shareholder or an authorized

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person or persons transmitted the electronic consent.

(3) An electronic consent is considered to be delivered when:

(A) the consent is reproduced in paper form; and

(B) the paper form is delivered to the corporation.

(4) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1), (2), and (3), electronic consents may be delivered to the corporation in any other manner provided by resolution of the board of directors.

(5) A reliable reproduction of a consent in writing may be used instead of the original writing for any and all purposes that the original writing could be used if the reproduction is a complete reproduction of the entire original writing.

(g) Unless prior notice has been given to the shareholders as provided in section 4(b) of this chapter, prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent of the shareholders must be given to those shareholders, including nonvoting shareholders entitled to notice under this article, who:

(1) did not consent in writing; and

(2) would have been entitled to notice of the meeting if the record date for the meeting was the date that the first shareholder's signed consent was delivered to the corporation as provided in section 4(e) of this chapter.

(h) A document required to be filed under any other section of this article regarding the action consented to by the shareholders must state, instead of any statement required by another section of this article concerning any vote of the shareholders, that written consent has been given in accordance with this section.

SECTION 2. IC 23-1-38.5-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.178-2002, SECTION 99, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 13. (a) After conversion of a domestic business corporation to a domestic other entity has been adopted and approved as required by this chapter, articles of entity conversion must be executed on behalf of the corporation by any officer or other duly authorized representative. The articles must:

(1) set forth the name of the corporation immediately before the filing of the articles of entity conversion and the name to which the name of the corporation is to be changed, which must satisfy the organic law of the surviving entity;

(2) state the type of other entity that the surviving entity will be;

(3) set forth a statement that the plan of entity conversion was duly approved by the shareholders in the manner required by this chapter and the articles of incorporation; and

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(4) if the surviving entity is a filing entity, either contain all of the provisions required to be set forth in its public organic document and any other desired provisions that are permitted, or have attached a public organic document, except that, in either case, provisions that would not be required to be included in a restated public organic document may be omitted.

(b) After the conversion of a domestic other entity to a domestic business corporation has been adopted and approved as required by the organic law of the other entity, an officer or another duly authorized representative of the other entity must execute articles of entity conversion on behalf of the other entity. The articles must:

(1) set forth the name of the other entity immediately before the filing of the articles of entity conversion and the name to which the name of the other entity is to be changed, which must satisfy the requirements of IC 23-1-23-1;

(2) set forth a statement that the plan of entity conversion was duly approved in accordance with the organic law of the other entity; **and**

(3) either contain all of the provisions that IC 23-1-21-2(a) requires to be set forth in articles of incorporation and any other desired provisions that IC 23-1-21-2(b) permits to be included in articles of incorporation, or have attached articles of incorporation, except that, in either case provisions that would not be required to be included in restated articles of incorporation of a domestic business corporation may be omitted.

(c) After the conversion of a domestic other entity to a different domestic other entity has been adopted and approved as required by the organic law of the different other entity, an officer or another authorized representative of the other entity must execute articles of entity conversion on behalf of the other entity. The articles must:

(1) set forth the name of the other entity immediately before the filing of the articles of entity conversion and the name to which the name of the other entity is to be changed, which must satisfy the requirements of IC 23-1-23-1;

(2) set forth a statement that the plan of entity conversion was approved in accordance with the organic law of the other entity; and

(3) if the surviving entity is a filing entity, either contain all the provisions required to be set forth in its public organic document and any other desired provisions that are permitted or have attached a public organic document, except that, in

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1 **either case, provisions that would not be required to be**
2 **included in a restated public organic document may be**
3 **omitted.**

4 **(d) After the conversion of a foreign other entity to a domestic**
5 **business corporation has been authorized as required by the laws of the**
6 **foreign jurisdiction, articles of entity conversion must be executed on**
7 **behalf of the foreign other entity by any officer or authorized**
8 **representative. The articles must:**

9 (1) set forth the name of the other entity immediately before the
10 filing of the articles of entity conversion and the name to which
11 the name of the other entity is to be changed, which must satisfy
12 the requirements of IC 23-1-23-1;

13 (2) set forth the jurisdiction under the laws of which the other
14 entity was organized immediately before the filing of the articles
15 of entity conversion and the date on which the other entity was
16 organized in that jurisdiction;

17 (3) set forth a statement that the conversion of the other entity was
18 duly approved in the manner required by its organic law; and

19 (4) either contain all of the provisions that IC 23-1-21-2(a)
20 requires to be set forth in articles of incorporation and any other
21 desired provisions that IC 23-1-21-2(b) permits to be included in
22 articles of incorporation, or have attached articles of
23 incorporation, except that, in either case, provisions that would
24 not be required to be included in restated articles of incorporation
25 of a domestic business corporation may be omitted.

26 **(e) After the conversion of a foreign other entity to a different**
27 **foreign other entity has been authorized as required by the laws of**
28 **the foreign jurisdiction, articles of entity conversion must be**
29 **executed on behalf of the foreign other entity by any officer or**
30 **authorized representative. The articles must:**

31 (1) set forth the name of the other entity immediately before
32 the filing of the articles of entity conversion and the name to
33 which the name of the other entity is to be changed, which
34 must satisfy the requirements of IC 23-1-23-1;

35 (2) set forth the jurisdiction under the laws of which the other
36 entity was organized immediately before the filing of the
37 articles of entity conversion and the date on which the other
38 entity was organized in that jurisdiction;

39 (3) set forth a statement that the conversion of the other entity
40 was approved in the manner required by its organic law; and

41 (4) if the surviving entity is a filing entity, either contain all
42 the provisions required to be set forth in its public organic

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1 **document and any other desired provisions that are permitted**
2 **or have attached a public organic document, except that, in**
3 **either case, provisions that would not be required to be**
4 **included in a restated public organic document may be**
5 **omitted.**

6 ~~(d)~~ **(f)** The articles of entity conversion must be delivered to the
7 secretary of state for filing and take effect at the effective time provided
8 in IC 23-1-18-4.

9 ~~(e)~~ **(g)** If the converting entity is a foreign other entity that is
10 authorized to transact business in Indiana under a provision of law
11 similar to IC 23-1-49, its certificate of authority or other type of foreign
12 qualification is canceled automatically on the effective date of its
13 conversion.

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